The circuit 202 performs ecognizing processing basing of he information and sends the result to a word processing section 3 together with the end signal. The inputted words are clause analyzed by a clause analyzing section 301. At the same time, kana- kanji conversion is performed using a dictionary section 302 basing on the end signal from the circuit 202. The result is displayed on a display section 4 through a correction and edition section 303 or printed by a printing section 5. Thus, by automatic kana-kanji conversion based on the end signal, operability can be improved.

7/5/17 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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014169448 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2001-653676/200175

System and method for automatically performing translation based on sentence frame

Patent Assignee: KOREA ELECTRONICS & TELECOM RES INST (KOEL-N)

Inventor: CHOI S G; JUNG H M; KIM T W; KIM Y G; PARK S G; PARK S Y; SEO G J

; SEO Y A; SIM C M; YEO S H

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No : Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week KR 2001057775 A 20010705 KR 9961182 A 19991223 200175 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): KR 9961182 A 19991223 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes KR 2001057775 A 1 G06F-017/28

Abstract (Basic): KR 2001057775 A

NOVELTY - A system and method for automatically performing a translation based on a sentence frame is provided to naturally generate a translated sentence by removing a structural ambiguity on the basis of a sentence frame, which represents a frame of a sentence.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A source language morpheme analyzer(20) analyzes a morpheme of a source language sentence, and detects information on parts of speech of each word. A translation dictionary(21) stores a source vocabulary, a substitutive word of the vocabulary and quality information related to the word . A phrase unit syntax analyzer (22) represents an input sentence using the information detected from the source language morpheme analyzer(20). An original frame searcher(23) searches a constraint. An original frame database (:24) stores a basic constraint of a relevant original frame. A sentence frame converter(25) converts the original into morpheme columns of an object language. A translation sentence frame database (26) stores constraint information of an original slot and designated information of a translation sentence slot. A slot translation database (27) stores constraint information of a part of speech of the original and designated information of a part of speech of the translation . An object language morpheme generator (28) analyzes the morpheme of the object language.

pp; .1 DwgNo 1/10

Title Terms: SYSTEM; METHOD; AUTOMATIC; PERFORMANCE; TRANSLATION; BASED;

SENTENCE; FRAME Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/28

File Segment: EPI

7/5/18 (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX
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E 1 C S E AR C H

T 1 200 2

11 rts. reserv.

014077495 **Image available**

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WPI Acc No: 2001-561709/20
XRPX Acc No: N01-417818
  Vocal phrase comparison device for telephone, compares vocal phrase and
  keyword, and displays comparison result
 Patent Assignee: NITTSUKO KK (NITT-N)
 Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
 Patent Family:
                                                             Week
                                                    Date
                      Date
                              Applicat No
                                             Kind
 Patent No
             Kind
                                                  20000131
                                                            200163 B
 JP 2001215984 A
                    20010810 JP 200021243
                                             Α
 Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 200021243 A 20000131
 Patent Details:
                        Main IPC
 Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                                      Filing Notes
 JP 2001215984 A 6 G10L-015/00
 Abstract '(Basic): JP 2001215984 A
     . ': NOVELTY - An A/D converter (3) converts the input audio signal from
     vocal input section (2) into digital signal. A speech
                                                             recognition
     section recognizes the digital signal from A/D converter as a
     vocal phrase (6), which is recorded in a recorder (10). A comparator
     compares the vocal phrase read-out from recorder and the keyword from a
    recorder. A display unit displays the comparison result.
       __USE - For conference, telephone.
        ·ADVANTAGE - Enables efficient output of information using a simple
     device without transmission leakage.
         DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the profile block
     diagram of vocal phrase comparison device. (Drawing includes
     non-English language text).
     : Vocal input section (2)
        A/D converter (3)
        Vocal phrase (6)
     Recorder (10)
         pp; 6 DwgNo 1/2
 Title Terms: VOICE; PHRASE; COMPARE; DEVICE; TELEPHONE; COMPARE; VOICE;
   PHRASE; KEYWORD; DISPLAY; COMPARE; RESULT
 Derwent Class: P86; T01; W01; W04
 International Patent Class (Main): G10L-015/00
 International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-003/16; G10L-015/22;
   H04M-001/00; H04M-003/42
 File Segment: EPI; EngPI
           .. (Item 3 from file: 350)
  7/5/19
 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
 (c) 2002 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
 012744556
              **Image available**
 WPI Acc No: 1999-550673/199946
 XRPX Acc No: N99-407472
    Speech.
            recognition method using a computer, for teaching language
   reading skills
 Patent Assignee: SYRACUSE LANGUAGE SYSTEMS INC (SYRA-N)
 Inventor: ROTHENBERG M
 Number of Countries: 083 Number of Patents: 003
 Patent Family:
 Patent No Kind
                      Date
                              Applicat No
                                             Kind
                                                    Date
                                                             Week
WO 9940556 A1 19990812 WO 99US2782
AU 9926663 A 19990823 AU 9926663
US 6134529 A 20001017 US 9820899
                                                  19990209 199946 B
                                              Α
                                                  19990209 200005
                                                  19980209 200054
                                              Α
 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9820899 A 19980209
 Patent Details:
 Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                      Filing Notes
 WO 9940556 A1 E 32 G09B-019/04
    Designated States (National): AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU
    CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK
    LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ
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* : : :

...a fundamental component. The parser of an embodiment of the present invention is used for **speech** -to- **speech** translation and integrates feature structure manipulations into a GLR parsing algorithm by introducing a flexible representation...

7/5,K/17 (Item 8 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
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00731958 **Image available**

A METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR EXAMPLE-BASED SPOKEN LANGUAGE TRANSLATION WITH EXAMPLES HAVING GRADES OF SPECIFICITY

METHODE ET APPAREIL PERMETTANT D'EFFECTUER UNE TRADUCTION REPOSANT SUR L'EXEMPLE AVEC DES EXEMPLES DOTES D'UNE CERTAINE SPECIFICITE DE DEGRE Legal Representative:

SOBRINO Maria E, Blakely, Sokoloff, Taylor & Zafman, 7th Floor, 12400 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026, US

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200045289 A1 20000803 (WO 0045289)

Application: WO 99US28879 19991202 (PCT/WO US9928879)

Priority Application: US 99240543 19990129

Designated States: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD.TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/28

International Patent Class: G10L-015/18

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 19388

English Abstract

A method and apparatus for example-based spoken language translation with examples having grades of specificity are provided. A speech input is received comprising source language expressions and source language (feature structures). Syntactic analysis is performed (1106) on the source language feature structures and entries of a bilingual example database to determine a pragmatic type of the source language feature structure and a syntactic type of sub-structures of the source language feature structures. A fast match is performed (1108) among the sub-structures and the example database to determine compatibility between the sub-structures and entries of the example database. A best match (1110) is performed among the sub-structures and the example database to optimize matches between the sub-structures and the example database entries. (Target language feature structures are generated (1114) using selected entries of the example database, and target language expressions are generated comprising the target language feature structures. A grammatically correct speech output is provided comprising the target language expressions.

French Abstract

Cette invention a trait a une methode et a l'appareil correspondant permettant d'effectuer une traduction reposant sur l'exemple avec des exemples dotes d'une certaine specificite de degre. Une entree de signaux vocaux est recue, comprenant des expressions ainsi que des structures particulieres de langage source. Il est procede a une analyse syntaxique (1106) des structures et entrees d'une base de donnees bilingue d'exemples afin de determiner un type pragmatique de la structure

particuliere de langage et un type syntaxique de sous-structures des structures particulieres de langage. Une rapide mise en correspondance (1108) des sous-structures et de la base de donnees d'exemples permet de determiner une compatibilite entre les sous-structures et les entrees de la base de donnees d'exemples. La meilleure mise en correspondance (1110) realisee entre les sous-structures et la base de donnees d'exemples permet d'optimiser les mises en correspondance entre les sous-structures et les entrees de la base de donnees d'exemples. On cree des structures particulieres de langage (1114) a l'aide d'entrees selectionnees de la base de donnees d'exemples ainsi que des expressions de langage cible comportant les structures particulieres de langage. Il est egalement cree une sortie de signaux vocaux, grammaticalement correcte, comportant les expressions particulieres de langage.

Legal Status (Type, Date, Text)
Publication 20000803 Al With international search report.

International Patent Class: G10L-015/18
Fulltext Availability:
 Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... As discussed herein, an embodiment of the present invention comprises a

powerful parser for natural language. A parser is a software module that takes as input a sentence of a language and returns a structural analysis, typically in the form of a syntax tree. Many applications in natural language processing, machine...a fundamental component. The parser of an embodiment of the present invention is used for speech -to-speech translation and integrates feature structure manipulations into a GLR parsing algorithm by introducing a flexible representation...